# The research behind high-performing teams, and how to lead them in schools

Sam Crome

research & ED

### Today's teaming journey

• I. What is a high-performing team?

• 2. What truly underpins these factors?

• 3. Thriving School Teams

Filling school capacity Behaviour

Student outcomes Learning and teaching

Ofsted grades Being evidence-informed

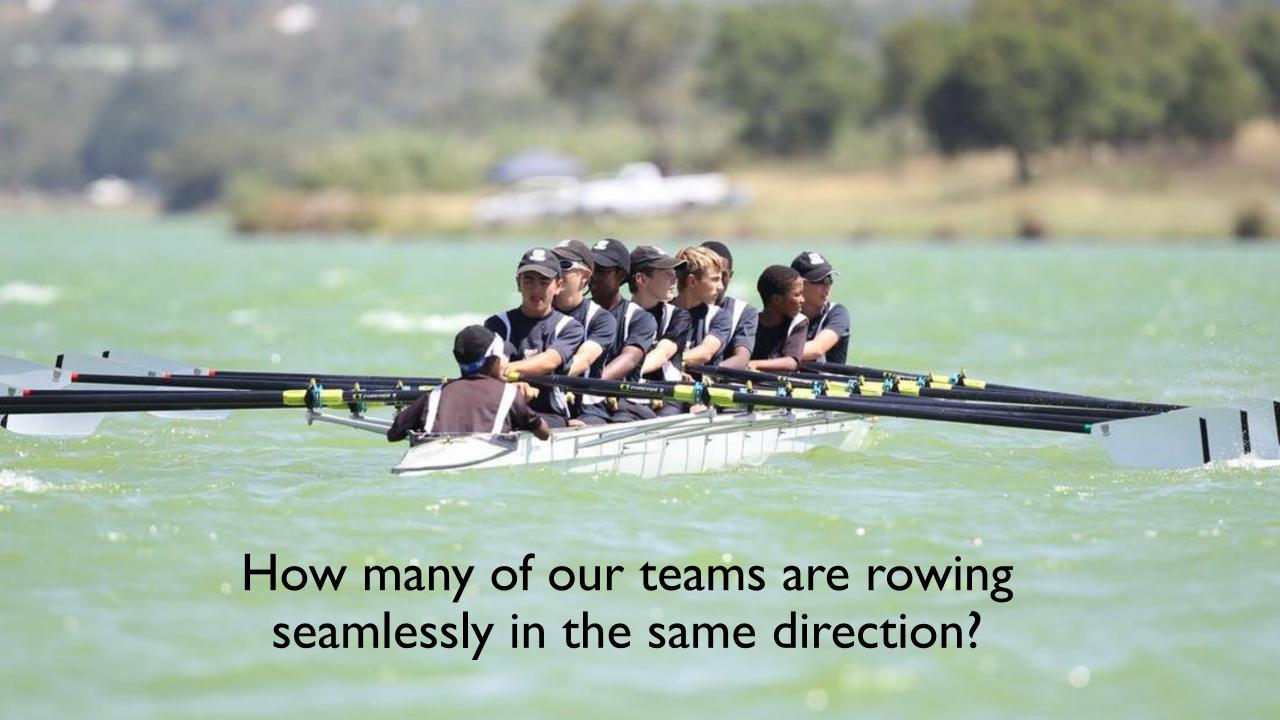
Leadership Safeguarding and mental health

Curriculum CPD, retention, recruitment

### Do we underestimate the power of teamwork?



Team work remains the <u>ultimate</u> competitive advantage (Lencioni)



## What are common traits that highperforming teams share?









## Codifying high-performing teams – what the evidence says....

- I. Vision and purpose
- 2. Belonging and trust
- 3. Ambitious, clear team goals
- 4. Role clarity, mental models, and systems
- 5. Communication, candour, conflict
- 6. Review and evaluate
- 7. Team diversity and characteristics
- 8. Learning culture
- 9. Enabling organisational conditions

- Salas, et al 2018
- Tannenbaumn et al, 2013
- Bell et al 2018
- Lacerenza, et al 2018

## A high-performing, thriving team

#### Team Development

Learning, Coaching, Debriefs, Leadership

#### Team Operations

Knowledge, Roles & Mental Models, Communication, Meetings

#### Team Dynamics

Motivation, Conflict, Cohesion, Wellbeing

#### Team Alignment

Purpose, Values & Behaviours, Goals

#### Team Belonging

Psychological Safety, Belonging, Trust

## A high-performing, thriving team

#### Team Development

Learning, Coaching, Debriefs, Leadership

#### Team Operations

Knowledge, Roles & Mental Models, Communication, Meetings

#### Team Dynamics

Motivation, Conflict, Cohesion, Wellbeing

#### Team Alignment

Purpose, Values & Behaviours, Goals

#### Team Belonging

Psychological Safety, Belonging, Trust

## Belonging matters

Higher team satisfaction and buy in

Higher retention



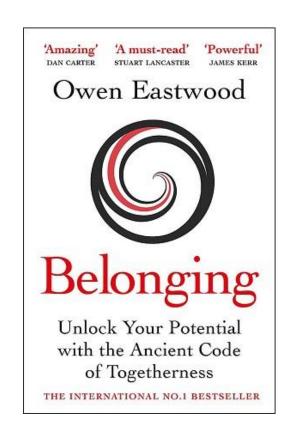
Increased team effectiveness and cohesion

Increased wellbeing

We all want to belong

Belonging before performance

Not a fixed state





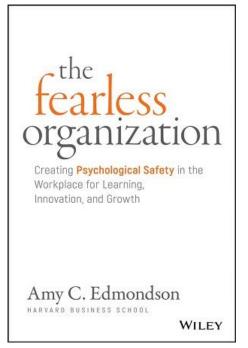
## **Psychological Safety**

Groups perform better when they feel safe, trusted, supported, free to fail, and can engage openly.

They use this foundation to set ambitious goals and to challenge each other to reach their potential







## Google findings from their top teams

1 P

#### **Psychological Safety**

Team members feel safe to take risks and be vulnerable in front of each other.

2

#### Dependability

Team members get things done on time and meet Google's high bar for excellence.

3

#### **Structure & Clarity**

Team members have clear roles, plans, and goals.

4

#### Meaning

Work is personally important to team members.

5

#### **Impact**

Team members think their work matters and creates change.

re: Work

Top 3 elements are about team work

## What 5 dysfunctions of teams (Lencioni) teaches us about belonging and psych safety





## A Psych Safety Survey – how would your team do?

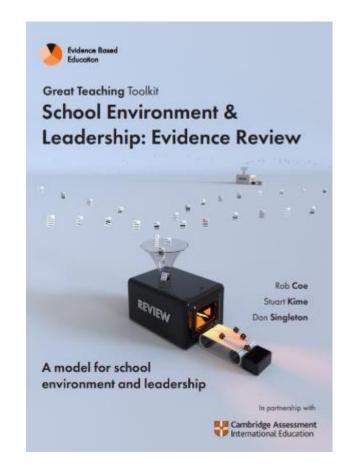
- I. If I make a mistake on this team, it is never held against me.
- 2. When something goes wrong, we work as a team to find the systemic cause.
- 3. All members of this team feel able to bring up problems and tough issues.
- 4. Members of this team never reject others for being different and nobody is left out.
- It is safe for me to take a risk on this team.
- 6. It is easy for me to ask other members of this team for help.
- 7. Nobody on this team would deliberately act in a way that undermines my efforts.

## EBE School Environment and Leadership review 2022

First 'management factor' = supportive working relationships:

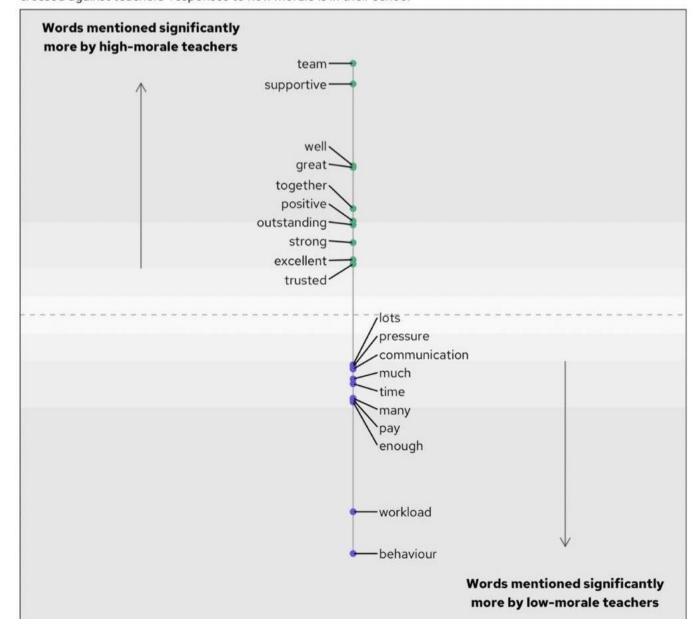
- Trust towards leadership
- Willingness from staff to share or expose vulnerabilities
- Feelings of psych safety it's okay to take a risk or make a mistake

• (Coe et al 2022)



## Teacher Tapp 2023

9000 teachers Keyness analysis of question "Tell us why morale is high or low in your school", crossed against teachers' responses to how morale is in their school



## Your team's belonging

• Create your 'us story' – who are we, what do we do, what are our values and behaviours

Survey for belonging and psych safety

• Use this to create and maintain a culture of psychological safety

Remember, belonging is not a fixed state!

## Part Three: Leading Thriving School Teams

Unique challenges!

Teams within the team

• How many teams are we part of?

### 4 best bets for thriving school teams

I. Mental models and knowledge

2. Candour and communication

3. Team meetings and debriefs

4. Team learning and development

### I. Team Mental Models and Knowledge

Define the team's specific remits and knowledge

'A stronger focus on domain-specific expertise is required and the core responsibilities (or persistent problems) of leaders' roles are a good place to start' (Barker and Rees, Ambition Institute, 2022)

Teams function more cohesively when they understand roles, share expertise, and develop this knowledge together

## I. Team Mental Models and Knowledge

Ask: What core, domain-specific expertise does your team require?

• Audit and Codify this knowledge and link it to the team's roles, remits and processes, i.e. its mental models

Create methods to share the team's knowledge

 Develop team CPD that centres around the embedding, and development of, this expertise

#### 2. Team Communication

A regular survey feature!

- Main methods and times?
- Ask the team and agree
- Use SharePoint, One Note, or another shared system
- Reduce workload, turbocharge systems and clarity

#### Email and Teams etiquette

#### General principles:

- Chats are for one-on-one communication and for small groups which aren't related to a specific class or task.
- Channels are for 1) General whole department chat whole department; 2) year group issues; 3) Shared Classes just those teachers.
- Each shared class must have a channel (rather than chat) even if only 2 teachers because a) it's good to
  just see conversations related to that class; b) in channels you start a conversation which can be replied to
  whereas chat is just a free scrolling back and forth.
- All one-on-one communication through chats should be responded to, at least with a thumbs up.
- When responding to a post in a channel, ensure to use the 'reply' button on that specific post.
- Reminders/announcements that reference Trello cards are fine but if you reference a Trello card, add a link to that card. To add a link to the card, click the card in Trello, click share [at the bottom] and copy and paste the link.
- Don't use email unless forwarding or communicating outside department.

#### Teams:

- The General channel is to be truly general whole department stuff, announcements, deadlines and admin (including admin queries) whereas Curriculum and T and L should include MQ queries, how to teach something discussions, resources, FOF discussions and mark scheme discussions.
- Specific year group channels can include teachers who don't teach that year group (teacher's choice).

#### Adam Boxer – Science department communication

#### Year Team - The Week Ahead: 28th March Week B









CPD corner

## 3. Meetings and Debriefs

**Reflecting:** think about the last team meeting you had or ran. What was it like to be in there?

Are meetings mainly logistical / informative?

Does every meeting have an opportunity for learning?

## What goes wrong in meetings?

Too much admin

- Lack of psych safety
- Dominant voices
- No one wants to go to a poor meeting after a 5-period day!

## Ways to improve meetings

- Start with knowledge sharing / CPD (give ownership)
- Review team processes with debriefs 20-25% increase in team effectiveness (*Tannenbaum et al, 2013*)

- Should be lively, full of discussion! Beware quiet meetings!
- Long-term projects for autonomy and enhanced expertise

## 4. Team Learning and Development

Coaching 'way of being' (van Nieuwerburgh)

• Reading together, learning together

• Projects and ongoing CPD, access to learning and development.

 Team considers one of its core remits as learning and growing as a group

## So, build belonging, then...

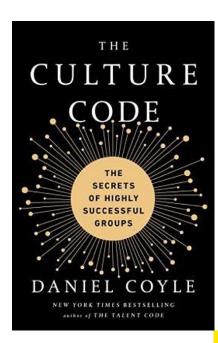
I. Understand team knowledge and expertise, codify and use to enhance smooth, effective team work

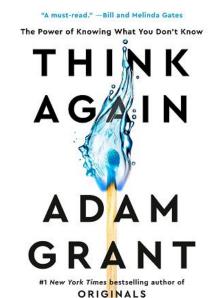
2. Use efficient, agreed upon communications

3. Hold purposeful meetings, and effective debriefs

4. Create and sustain a relentless learning culture, together









Creating Psychological Safety in the Workplace for Learning, Innovation, and Growth

Amy C. Edmondson

WILEY

A JOHN CATT PUBLICATION



Lessons from the Best on Becoming Your Best

Jake Humphrey
Prof Damian Hughes
'Read this book' ANT MIDDLETON

Tiny Changes, Remarkable Results

Atomic Habits

An Easy & Proven Way to Build Good Habits & Break Bad Ones

James Clear

THE INTERNATIONAL BESTSELLER

'WILL HELP YOU INSPIRE TEAMS TO DO THE BEST WORK OF THEIR LIVES' SHERYL SANDBERG

RADICAL CANDOR

HOW TO GET WHAT YOU WANT BY SAYING WHAT YOU MEAN

KIM SCOTT

The Neuroscience of Helping Your People Love What They Do

ALLY

AT WORK

DANIEL M. CABLE

HARVARD BUSINESS REVIEW PRESS

### EDUCATION EXPOSED

Leading a school in a time of uncertainty

SAMUEL STRICKLAND



#### PUTTING STAFF FIRST

A JOHN CATT PUBLICATION

A BLUEPRINT FOR REVITALISING OUR SCHOOLS

JOHN TOMSETT & JONNY UTTLEY

A JOHN CATT PUBLICATION

TOM BENNETT

#### RUNNING THE ROOM



THE TEACHER'S GUIDE TO BEHAVIOUR

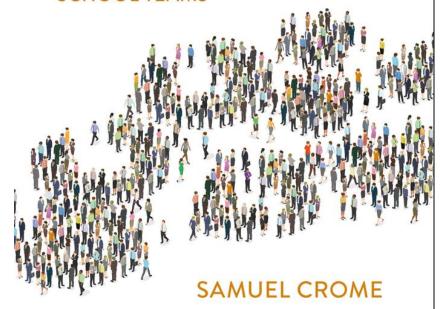
## Thank you!

•@mr\_crome

http://pocketwisdom.blog

## THE POWER OF TEAMS

HOW TO CREATE AND LEAD THRIVING SCHOOL TEAMS



### References and further reading

- Bell, S.T., Brown, S. G., Colaneri, A., & Outland, N. (2018). Team composition and the ABCs of teamwork. *American Psychologist*, 73(4), 349–362
- Lacerenza, Christina & Marlow, Shannon & Tannenbaum, Scott & Salas, Eduardo. (2018). Team development interventions: Evidence-based approaches for improving teamwork. American Psychologist. 73. 517-531. 10.1037/amp0000295.
- Salas, E., Reyes, D. L., & McDaniel, S. H. (2018). The science of teamwork: Progress, reflections, and the road ahead. *American Psychologist*, 73(4), 593–600.
- Tannenbaum, S. I., & Goldhaber-Fiebert, S. N. (2013). Medical team debriefs: Simple, powerful, underutilized. In E. Salas & K. Frush (Eds.), Improving patient safety through teamwork and team training (pp. 249 –255). New York, NY: Oxford University Press.